THE

REHEARSAL.

1. The Sense of the Primitive Church, the furest Interpreter of Scripture.
2. All Hereticks slie this Test. Dr. Coward accuses the Primitive Fathers of Ignorance in the Christian Doctrines.

3. He makes the Heathens, particularly the Egyptians, to have been the first Inventers of that Notion of the Immortality of the Soul.

4. He fays they fell upon it by Mis-construing some Texts in the Books of Moses.
5. His Argument to Prove that the Generality of the Jews did not Believe it, because the Sadducees did not. Ther are Sadducees among Christians.

6. Our Saviour proves it from Mofes and the Prophets.

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7. The Doctor's Argument has Quite overthrown his own Hypothesis.

SATURDAY, June 28. 1707.

OU Nam'd in your (1.) Country-man. Last, Master, these Opinions of Mr. Asgill and Dr. Coward as Ancient Herefies that were Condemn'd. And I should think this the furest way to know the Meaning of the Holy Scriptures. For where ther is a Difference about the Sense of a Word or an Ex-pession, as suppose of a Letter sent to me from London; what furer way Coud be found than if ther were Present a Man of Truth and Honesty, who was at the Writing of the Letter, and had discours'd the matter by word of Mouth with my Correspondent, and Assur'd me he meant so and so, for that he had us'd the very same Words and Expressions to himself, and fully Explain'd his meaning in them? Now they who had learn'd the Faith from the Mouths of the Apostles themselves, must be best Acquainted with their Expressions, and Confequently the best Interpreters of their Words. This plain Natural Reason tea-ches any one. For can we suppose that those Christians did not know the Faith they had been Taught? Do not I know what I have been taught? Do not I know that I have been taught, to believe the Immortalay of the Soul? A man may as well tell me that I know not what I Think. This is as Tlain as my ten Fingers. Therefore if it was the Current Opinion of the Christians that the Soul was Immortal, and that so Early the think I was a man whom you Man'd as this Heretick Menander whom you Nam'd, who was Disciple to Simon Magus, of whom we have an Account in the Asts of the Apofiles, ther can be no Doubt but it was the Dostrine they had Receiv'd from the Apofiles; And that they best Understood those Texts which speak of the Insmortality of the it. And he owns likewise, That they had

(2.) Rehearfal. Theie, as all other Hereticks, Hate and Despise Antiquity, because it Detects their Errors. Dr. Coward in his Second Thoughts, Runs down the Ancient Fathers, and Pities their Pious Ignorance. And being Tax'd with this, he makes his Apollogy in the Epistle Dedicatory of his Farther Thoughts, p. 20. where he says he meant only their Ignorance of the Christian Dostrines. For otherwise he Confesses they were evi-

dently Learned.

Country-m. This mends the matter indeed! Evidently Learned, yet Ignorant of the Christian Dostrines! Were they then Converted to that of which they were Ignorant? No great Sign of their Learning! And were they fo Zealous to Sacrifice their Lives and all that they had for what they had so Ignor antly Embrac'd? Their Pious Ignorance was then indeed to be Pitied! He had better have made them Ignorant of any thing else than of the Christian Doctrin. But he was in the Right! For it is Evident that either He or They were Ignorant of it.

(3.) Rehears. His meaning was to make the Primitive Fathers Great Philosophers, as many of them were. And thence to Infer that they brought this Notion of the Immortality of the Soul with them from their Heathen Philosophy, and so to have Corrupted Christianity with it. For he frends the xth. Chap. of his Second Thoughts to Prove that the Immortality of the Sout was an Heathenish Invention, and first brought into the World by them. And he fays, p. 357. That it is very probable the EGYPTIANS were the first who Broached of Moses, of which he says, p. 356, they had the Perusal, that is, their Priests, who Endeavour'd to Pry into all the Mysteries of the Jewish Religion; and fays it Jeems not to admit of any Doubt.

Country-m. Do's not this make Quite against him? For it shews that the Egyptians were not the Inventers or Broachers of this Dollrin, but that they had it from the Jews, and from the Writings of Moses. And how cou'd they have it from those Writings, if it was not there?

(4.) Rehears. He says, p. 357. They must do it by Misconstruing the Books of Moses, and Mis-interpreting the meaning of some

Texts therein Contained.

Country-m. Then they Mif-Construed them as the Jews did, who always held the Immortality of the Soul, and the Refurrestion, as they do to this Day. Which several Jews in London whom I know have told me. And as I said before, it is not to be Doubted but that the Egyptians wou'd know from the Jews in what Sense they Understood such Texts of Moses; and that the Jews must know what they had Learn'd from their Fathers and from Mofes.

(5.) Rehears. But he says, p. 359. thus, Now the Generality of the Jews, nay, I may say universally, were of Opinion, That Man would Die and never Live again, especially the SADDUCEES, the some owned both Spirits

and Angels. Act. 23. v. 28.

Country-m. According to my Skill, he Quite Mistakes the Matter. For the Sadducees were but a Selt among the Jews, and Exploded by the Rest for this very Opinion. And ther were Christians too of this Opinion, as St. Paul said to the Church of Corinth; I Cor. XV. 12. How say some among you that ther is no Resurrection of the Dead? Against whom he Disputes through all that Admirable Chapter, which we hear often Read at the Burial of the Dead. And it feems there were the like at Epoelus, for St. Paul fays to Timothy, who was first Bishop of Ephesus (as is told at the End of his Episte) and gives him Warning of those, Who concerning the Truth have Erred, saying, that the Resupersion is Pass already and that the Resurrection is Past already; and everthrow the Faith of some. ii. Tim. ii. 18. And he fays, ver. 17. Their Word will Eat as doth a Canker. And this is the very Notion of the Quakers among Us at this Day, who say, That the Resurrection is Past already, that is, That it means no more than the Rising up of the Light or Truth in the Heart, which whoever has Attain'd, has Attain'd the Resurrection. Thus ther are, and have been Sadducees among those call'd Christians, as well as among the Jews.

And the Doltor might with as much Justice say, That the Generality of Christians,

and Universally, Deny the Resurrettion, tho some do Own it, as he says it of the Jens.

(6.) But methinks our Saviour's Silencing the Sadducees from a Text out of Exedu Luk. xx. 37. And referring Men to Mole and the Prophets for the Knowlege of the State after Death; Luk. xvi. 29, 31 flow'd have Prevented the Rash Confuse of the Doctor in faying, That the Egyptians did Misconstrue the Texts of Moses in favour of the Immortality of the Soul, for our Saviour has Justify'd their Interpretation:

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(7.) And we have Gain'd this by the Dollor's own Argument, That the Egyptians, the first of the Heathers (as he Allows) who had the Notion of the Immortality of the Soul, had it from the Jews, and from the Soni, had be noted to the soni, and from the Scriptures of Moses, and Consequently from Revelation, as you have shew'd before, Num. 205. And so the whole xth Chapt. of Second, Thoughts, Intitul'd, A brief History of Human Soul, and Consequently the Frame and Foundation of the whole Book. Comes all at once to the Ground! And is overthrown by the same Arguments were made use of to Support it!

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